

Urbana Union Directory.

The Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Flour, Wheat, Corn, etc.

PROVISIONS.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Coffee, Sugar, etc.

CINCINNATI.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Flour, Wheat, etc.

NEW YORK.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Flour, Wheat, etc.

Railroads.

SANDUSKY, DAYTON & CINCINNATI R. R.

Table with 2 columns: Train Name and Schedule. Includes Sandusky, Dayton & Cincinnati R.R.

COLUMBUS, PIQUA AND INDIANA R. R.

Table with 2 columns: Train Name and Schedule. Includes Columbus, Piqua and Indiana R.R.

Church Directory.

Table with 2 columns: Church Name and Address. Includes various churches in Urbana.

Official Directory.

COUNTY.

Table with 2 columns: Position and Name. Includes various county officials.

CITY.

Table with 2 columns: Position and Name. Includes various city officials.

The Trails.

Table with 2 columns: Trail Name and Description. Includes various trails in the area.

ADVERTISE IN THE

URBANA UNION.

Prosper in your business.

URBANA UNION. CITY AND COUNTY.

LOCAL AGENTS.—We desire to secure the services of some reliable person as Agent for our paper, in every town and township of this and adjoining counties. Any one willing to accept an agency, or knowing of any other person who would be, will confer a favor by immediately addressing us. We will compensate Agents to their entire satisfaction.

JOHN WOOD.—Our facilities for doing Job Work have never been equalled in Champaign Co. All our materials are brand new; we print on good paper, with book ink; and we flatter ourselves that we can get up a bill, similar, or anything else, in better style than any other printing office in this section of country. Give us your orders, and we will prove what we have said.

HORSE BILLS.—We are prepared to print any style of Horse Bills, at the lowest rates. We have more "cuts" than any office in this section, and can do work to suit any one.

Read all the advertisements. We publish none but those which are worthy your attention and perusal.

REMOVAL.—Dr. Gilson has removed his Residence to the Pottersburg House, corner of Ward and North Main sts.

The Old Clerk of the Miami, Herman Fisher, No. 1 Miami street, is in readiness to serve all his old customers and all new ones in his agreeable manner, with men's and boys' clothing of the latest styles and at the lowest rates. "Drop in," and satisfy yourself—at least Fisher will satisfy you, we know.

B. R.—See advertisement of Brownlow's Book.

The Sanitary Commission, Cincinnati, Ohio, solicits contributions from the Soldiers' Aid Societies of Urbana and West Liberty, last week.

GENERAL BURNETT has said—so it is reported—that he intends to have Raleigh, N. C., by May 15; and he knows no such word as fail.

ALL deficiencies and inaccuracies in this week's paper can be accounted for by the absence of the Editor the greater part of the week.

PEORIA had better look out for counterfeit three's on the Piqua Branch, State Bank of Ohio. The execution of the bill is poor; however, and the counterfeit easily detected.

The citizens of Urbana and vicinity will soon be called on for their subscriptions to our paper, when we trust all will prove themselves good UNION men and women!

Among the graduates of the Cincinnati Law School for the last term we find the name of Abraham M. Pence, Urbana. We trust that Mr. P. will find the practice of his profession both profitable and pleasant—i. e. may he be snubbed in every way.

Capt. Myers' battery (of which John Brown, brother of the Doctor, is 1st Lieutenant) lost all its horses and guns at the Battle of Shiloh. The company was afterwards placed in command of another battery and did terrible execution among the rebels.

We note as a curious fact that the 13th Ohio, 13th Indiana, 13th Illinois, 13th Michigan, 13th Wisconsin, 13th Iowa, 13th Kentucky and 13th Missouri were in the battle at Pittsburg Landing. There were also, on the rebel side, several number 13 regiments.

Our friend, E. P. Brown, of the 13th Ohio, who was wounded at Pittsburg Landing, arrived home last week, where he will remain until recovered. We trust this will be soon; and that he will live many years after rebellion shall be crushed by the army of the Union!

The provost marshals of New Orleans have issued an amended list of prices for articles of food, etc., which informs us what it costs to live in a rebelled land. Flour is from \$12 to 18 a barrel; beef and pork 20 cents a lb.; bacon 25 and 37; bread 12 1/2 per pound; when \$2.50 a bushel; eggs \$1.25; corn \$1.20; hay \$6.50 a ton; salt five cents a pound.

The stable of Jacob T. Zombro, was destroyed by fire occasioned by a lightning stroke last Thursday morning. The building was an old one, and the loss a small one to the owner, Mr. F. McGrover, Esq. Mr. Zombro, lost his saddle and harness. The horse and cow in stable were gotten out in time. The fire companies were out on the ground promptly and did efficient service.

MAJOR BEN. PATT RINKLE, of Urbana, a brother-in-law of John D. Van Dusen, Esq., of this place, is not dead, as was reported, though severely wounded, the ball entering one side of his face, and coming out through his mouth. He is not a very handsome man, and, since this last disfigurement, he writes home to his father that he could afford to lose two or three such ugly faces as his, for the good of the cause! Bully for Ben!—Delaware Standard.

OUR DISTRICT.—The report of the House Select Committee on Appropriation, passed yesterday; yes 50, nays 38.

It divides Hamilton county the same as Hamilton County, Erie, Butler, and Warren; the fourth, of Deke, Shelby, Logan, Champaign, and Miami; the sixth, of Clermont, Brown, Highland, Clinton, and Fayette; and the seventh, of Green, Clark, Madison, and Franklin.—Springfield Republic.

JAMES COULTER, Esq., of this place, visited the battle field of Shiloh, returning yesterday. He reports the army of the West as in good condition and being well reorganized by Gen. Hallock. Mr. Coulter desired to remain with the army—last General Halleck rigidly enforces his order of "no civilians in the field."

Mr. C. although he used every opportunity, did not get to see the 13th or 20th regiments. He met with Mr. Kimber, Chaplain of the 26th, who was in excellent spirits and condition. He also saw Lieut. Thos. T. Brand, of the 18th Regiments.

Brownlow's Book will possess more attractiveness than is seldom ever presented in a single volume. Order it early.

Only one dollar a year for the Union.

The Tax.—How They are Augmented.

EVERY week we have a new list of readers, and these will require explanation, why the large table on our fourth page, under the head of "Tax Notice for 1861," should appear now so long after its date. We say for their special information, that for this notice in the shape of a hand bill the county has paid thirty Dollars, and for the same matter printed six weeks in a newspaper as an advertisement the county has paid the further sum of One Hundred and forty-seven Dollars, as may be seen in the receipted bill of Joshua Saxton, published in the Urbana Union of April 16th. The County Commissioners have ordered a reduction of Eighty-seven Dollars from the charge of \$147, but not with much benefit to the Treasury as yet; for although the printer does not raise any public clamor in support of his detected imposition he does not pay back the money.

The printer could soon trade out the score against him if he could get his old price for printing assessor's blanks, some time ago he charged and received Ninety Dollars, for printing six runs of such blanks and had the paper furnished. Last year he charged Thirty Dollars, and suffered a reduction of Six Dollars (see his bill last week) and now he is doing the same work for Eighteen Dollars and furnishes the paper on which to print them! A few years back he charged Ninety Dollars and now he takes Nine Dollars. Tax-payer, be of good cheer; the printer is relenting, and is becoming conscientious—when well watched.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

IN MEMORIAM.—The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by the Sabbath School of the 2nd M. Church, last Sabbath. WHEREAS, Our much esteemed Brother, David H. Price, while in the patriotic discharge of his duties to our beloved country, has been suddenly stricken down by the ruthless and bloody hands of a malignant and traitorous foe, this called from a life of usefulness and piety, and separated from those who loved him for his many virtues of both head and heart; and, whereas, his life as a man, a soldier, a Christian, and a member of the Sabbath School has been such, that we feel it but due to his memory to express our appreciation of the same, and our regret at its sudden termination. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That in obeying the promptings of patriotism and yielding to a sense of duty, in enlisting as a soldier, in defense of his country, in this the hour of her peril, and in giving the morning of his life as a sacrifice upon the altar of his country, he has demonstrated to us that he was deeply imbued with the genuine teachings of Liberty.

Resolved, That although this sudden death of Brother Price has cast a gloom over our Sabbath School, Town and Neighborhood, we cherish the hope that it may stimulate us who mourn under this bereavement to imitate the patriotism and those virtues which richly adorned his character.

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Price, the family of which he is a member has lost a kind and affectionate son and brother, community a useful citizen, the church an acceptable and worthy member, the army a true and faithful soldier and his Sabbath School an esteemed and beloved scholar.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathies to his bereaved relatives.

Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions be sent to his parents, and they be published in the papers of the Town.

WM. MAYNE, Secretary.

LEWIS GARDNER, Committee.

J. RUSSELL.

COLONEL MOODY AND THE 74TH REGIMENT.

An order had been received from Washington, on Saturday, directing Col. Moody to be detached from his regiment, and to remain in charge as Commandant of Camp Cass. This order was received with great regret by both Col. Moody and his men, who were eager to go forward together to more active service among the "Seeds," while Col. Moody will retain his rank and relation to his regiment, it will nevertheless be sent forward to Tennessee, under the Lieut. Col. Von Schneider.

Col. Moody had made, as we learn, an earnest appeal, both in person and writing, to Gov. Tod, for some suitable change that would permit him to accompany his regiment. Gov. Tod, in reply, very promptly commended the motives that prompted the appeal, but assured Col. Moody of the great importance he attached to his remaining as Commandant of the camp; assigning as reasons that there are now in the prison appalling to that camp no less than 1,500 rebel prisoners—nearly all of whom are to be released in a few days. And that he cannot deem it judicious to bring forward raw troops and inexperienced officers to assume so important a trust as this peculiar command requires. The Governor most warmly commended "the perfect system" into which Col. Moody had brought the Prison Department under his charge, and at length the order from Washington as being imperative upon him.

Col. Moody will therefore remain for the present while his regiment goes forward. We understand that Lieut. Wm. H. H. Moody, son of Col. Moody, goes forward with the regiment. He is said to be among the most promising young officers of our troops.—O. S. Journal.

THE OLD FOLKS.—This celebrated troupe of artists, who have appeared, and been received, throughout the United States and England, with the most rapturous applause, give two of their "Grand Old Fashioned Concerts," on next Monday and Tuesday evenings, at Union Hall—also, an afternoon performance on Tuesday afternoon, for the especial accommodation of ladies and children.

We can safely promise our citizens that in these concerts they will have the finest musical treat ever experienced in Urbana. We have heard nearly every concert troupe in the North, and having had the pleasure of hearing the "Old Folks" twice, before and since their visit to Urbana, most pronounce their entertainments the most musical and pleasing of any. Of course they will have crowded houses in Urbana.

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The final capture of this famous Washington battery, of New Orleans, which did so much damage to us at Bull Run, will send a thrill of pleasure through the heart of the Nation. Ohio must feel proud of the brave men whose strong arms and stout hearts contributed so much to the achievement. Gen. Beall rode fearlessly along the lines throughout the day, and watched with a keen eye our advance and capture of the battery. Gen. Crittenden proved worthy of the confidence reposed in him, and our men desire no other to lead this division to battle. Acting Brigadier Gen. W. S. Smith, commanding our brigade, the 14th, was the hero of this fight, however, within the scope of my eye, and you must bear in mind that I am only describing this part of the great battle. Other and able hands will doubtless attempt the whole. Believe me, however, that I make no invalid distinction in claiming this title for our brave commander. The officers and men of the 11th and 26th Kentucky Regiments, which, with the 13th Ohio, compose our brigade, all concede him this honor.

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We embarked on the steamers about 10 o'clock, and reached Pittsburg Landing about midnight.

Monday Morning, April 7.

At early dawn, we moved into position, a little over a mile from the Landing. The men were in the best spirits, notwithstanding the fatigues of the night, and their being compelled to forego the customary pot of coffee and fried bacon. We occupied the second line of battle. The firing commenced the moment we got into line, and the grape, cannon and shell fell so rapidly for a time that we were compelled to lie flat on our faces. The battery on our right, under command of Lieut. Pearson, now opened, and for a time sensibly diminished the force of the enemy's artillery. But directly the fire of the musketry increased to a perfect roar, and we were ordered to advance to relieve those in the first line. How gallantly this was done! How bravely our boys gained inch by inch upon the enemy, and finally drove them from their guns, the official report will disclose. That we were unable to retain possession of them, seemed to me to be the result of our being too much in advance of the rest of the line of battle, and liable to be flanked by the enemy, besides subjecting ourselves to a cross-fire from our own forces. Col. Hawkins, commanding the 13th O. V. I., planted our flag upon the enemy's battery, and when it was found impossible to retain it, he with his own hands picked the 12 pounder, and with this piece was in position to do us a great deal of damage, many a valuable life was thus saved, for the horses being all killed, the enemy found it difficult to get their guns in position in this part of the field during the remainder of the day. The two other guns we were unable to spike for want of the necessary files.

The final capture of this famous Washington battery, of New Orleans, which did so much damage to us at Bull Run, will send a thrill of pleasure through the heart of the Nation. Ohio must feel proud of the brave men whose strong arms and stout hearts contributed so much to the achievement. Gen. Beall rode fearlessly along the lines throughout the day, and watched with a keen eye our advance and capture of the battery. Gen. Crittenden proved worthy of the confidence reposed in him, and our men desire no other to lead this division to battle. Acting Brigadier Gen. W. S. Smith, commanding our brigade, the 14th, was the hero of this fight, however, within the scope of my eye, and you must bear in mind that I am only describing this part of the great battle. Other and able hands will doubtless attempt the whole. Believe me, however, that I make no invalid distinction in claiming this title for our brave commander. The officers and men of the 11th and 26th Kentucky Regiments, which, with the 13th Ohio, compose our brigade, all concede him this honor.

Seizing our beloved flag from the color-bearer, he waved it over his head, and, with a few words of a kind to kindle the enthusiasm of the men, he led the charge himself mounted, and exposed to the terrible fire of the infuriated rebel, and with sword in hand, was the first to dash upon the battery and knock out the brains of one, if not more, of the gunners with his sword. It is in scenes of this kind that we fully realize the force of the individual character, in inspiring multitudes with a spirit of daring that inspires each man to deeds of valor. Confident of success, they never stop to count the cost till the victory is won. Ours has not been cheaply bought. Major Runkle fell severely wounded, sword in hand, in the very front of the battle, Capt. Gardner and Henderson and Lieut. Lindenberg were also wounded while leading their men to victory.

Where all did so well it does not become me to speak of individual daring, but the conduct of our color-sergeant, Stone, deserves the highest praise, and his peculiar position as the bearer of our flag, enables me to speak his